



Private Member Associations Basics

Learning the basics of PMAs to live and work privately

Brief History of PMAs

- ▶ Voluntary private memberships are the oldest form of self-organizing society to benefit others, easily traced to the 1800's that are referenced in modern times
- ▶ All began as charities through churches or benefactors to help mankind
- ▶ Government saw an opportunity to create a power structure and make money so they lied to the charities and took over their good work.
- ▶ PMA's exercise our God/Creator/Universe - given freedoms and are based on private agreements with a man or a woman
- ▶ PMAs are outside government interference or overreach (public domain - man made law) as they exist within the private domain (natural law or God's law)



What is a Private Member Association?

A private member association (PMA) is man and womankind collectively asserting and standing upon their unalienable God/Universal rights and freedoms for a common cause or community.

- ▶ **Unalienable rights** are the rights that can never be given up or taken away. They're:
 - ▶ fundamental rights every man or woman has claim to by being born,
 - ▶ the basis for moral interactions between men and women, and are irrevocable.
 - ▶ a big deal!
- ▶ Every man and woman is born in the private with these fundamental God/Creator/Universal-given rights:
 - absolute authority and control over his/her health and body, mind and spirit
 - associate and assemble with other men and women of their choosing
 - hold his/her own beliefs and thoughts
 - express his/her thoughts and opinions



A PMA

- ▶ Requires a mindset change - deprogramming from always seeking permission from government agencies
- ▶ Is a declaration of living in the private and not a “burden to the public” (not expecting government public protection, benefits or interference)
- ▶ Is founder created, member supported



Public and Private Domain

PUBLIC - <i>CHILD MINDSET</i>	PRIVATE - <i>ADULT MINDSET</i>
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Government (statutes, acts, mandates)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Self-governance
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Permission required (permits, licenses, certificates)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• No permission needed
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Controls imposed via threats, coercion, violence	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Naturally follow ethical and moral rules
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• No rights only privileges granted	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• All have equal rights and freedoms
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Relinquish self-governance	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Assume responsibility for your own actions
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Created by the government to “parent” the public as ‘people’ needed to be protected from others	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Help and support each other, moral and ethical actions to do no harm
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Based on obligation	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Voluntary engagement



What is a “lawful” PMA?

- ▶ The paperwork is in place to clearly outline:
 - ▶ the benefits of joining the PMA
 - ▶ the expected behaviour of it's members
 - ▶ the consequences if a member violates PMA rules
 - ▶ that members are voluntarily joining the PMA as a man or woman
 - ▶ how the PMA administration holds themselves accountable to the members

